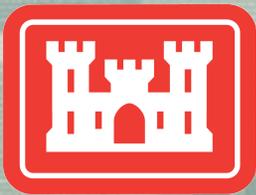
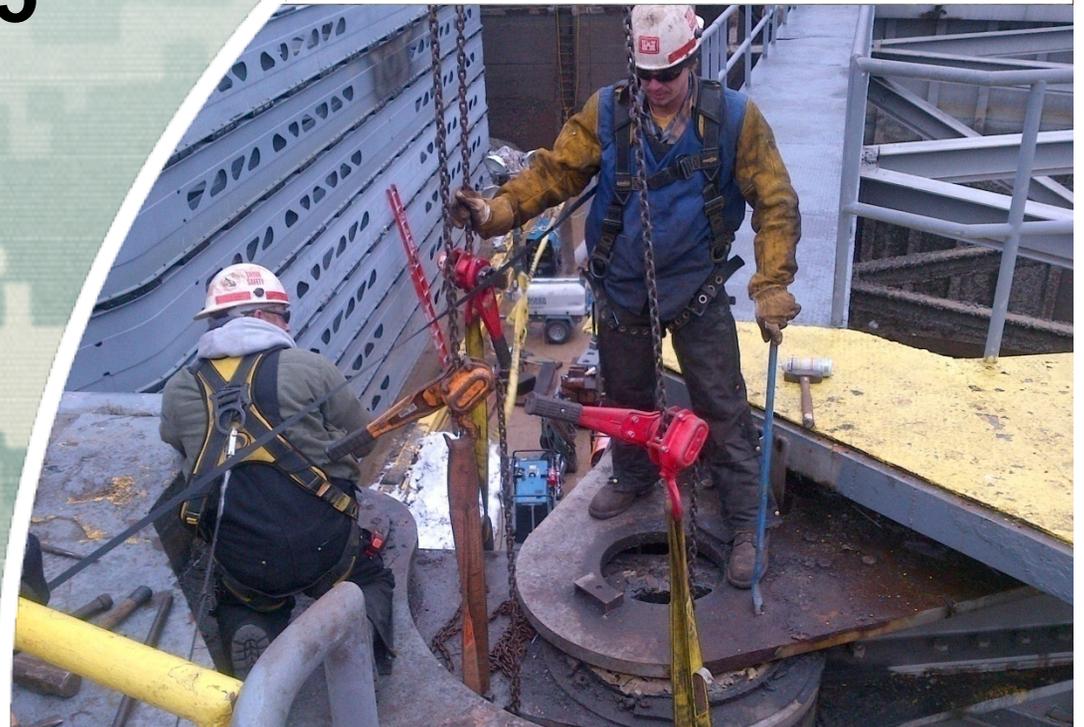


# Mississippi Valley Division Rock Island District Illinois Waterway Project

T.J. Obrien Lock  
Dewatering 2014-15



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US Army Corps of Engineers

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# Project Overview

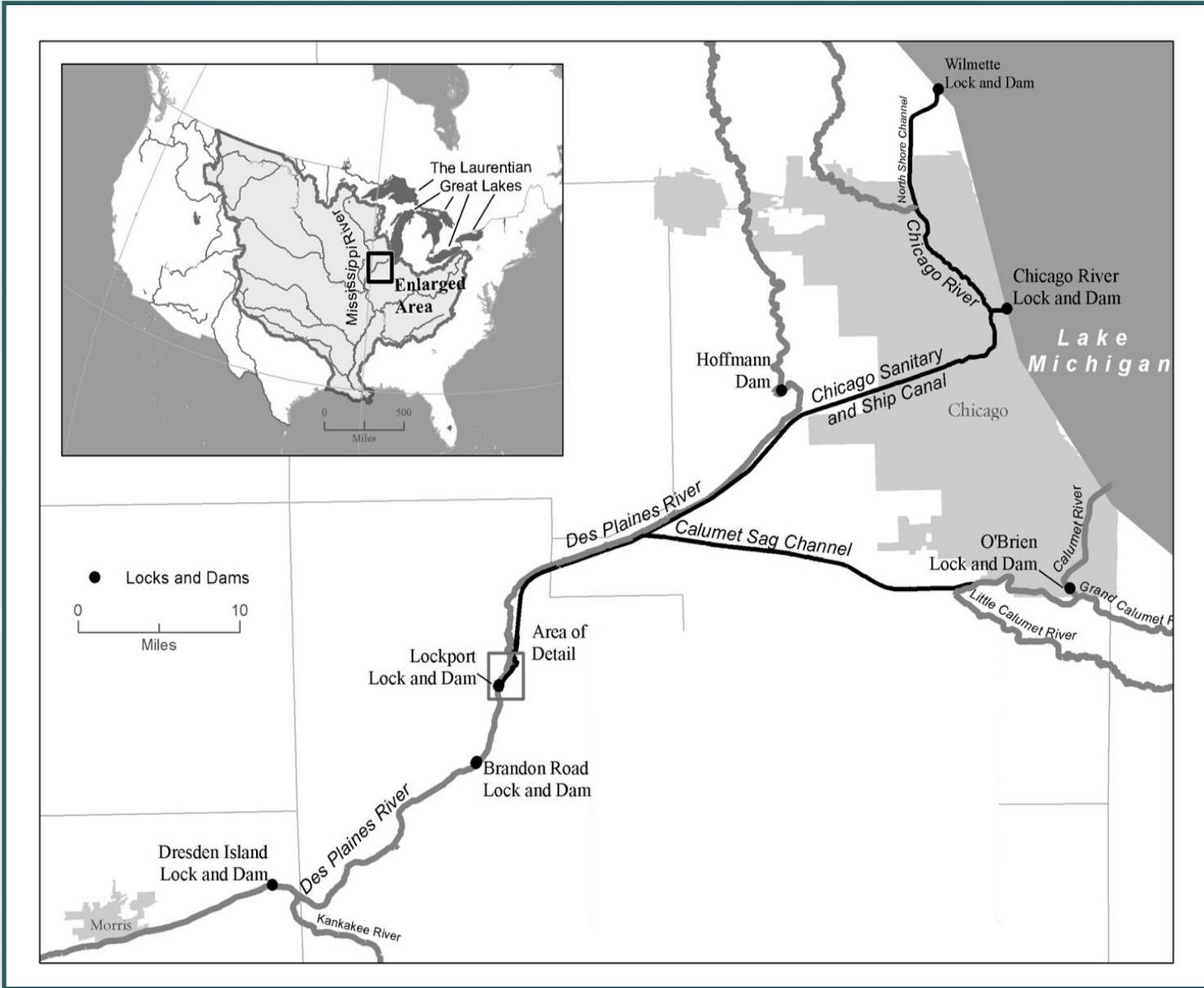
- Description
- History
- Purpose
- Scope of Work
- Schedule
- Logistics
- Dewatering Operations
- Lessons Learned



# Description

- Located on the south side of Chicago, T.J. Obrien Lock is an extremely vital link in the Upper Mississippi/Illinois Waterway Inland Transportation System connecting the Great Lakes via Lake Michigan through the Calumet River.
- The Chicago Harbor Lock is the only other navigable link between the Great Lakes and the Mississippi River.





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# History

- Lock was placed into Operation in 1960
- It has seen full time operation for almost 55 years
- Last dewatered in 1979, the sector gates were jacked to inspect the pintle balls and bushings and the upper gates were blasted and painted. That closure lasted approximately 60 days
- The current dewaterings have been the first time there has been a full gate and gate bay inspection in 35 years.



# TJ Obrien Lock- 110 ft X1000 ft



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# Project Purpose

- In 2011, Lock Staff identified an issue with interference between the sector gate bull gear which opens and closes the gates and the gear track it drives which is attached to the skin plate. The top surface of the bull gear was getting contacted by the top rack bar rail on the gate causing abnormal wear on the bull gear
- In early 2011, our Structures Maintenance Unit removed the top rail on both lower gates to alleviate the pressure being put on the bull gear and a plan was formulated to determine the root cause of the misalignment
- Because there is no way to assess the condition of the Pintle Ball and Bushing with the gate in place, the first step was to inspect the top Gate Elevation Pin and Bushing to determine if it was significantly worn causing the misalignment.
- In July 2011, our Structures Maintenance Unit along with the District Dive Team inspected the Lower Left Sector Gate Upper Gate Elevation Pin and Bushing
- Upon inspection, it was found that there was some slight pitting and corrosion on the pin, but that there was not enough material loss on the pin nor was there enough wear on the upper bushing to cause the amount of misalignment that was present
- The conclusion was made following that inspection that there had to be significant wear at the pintle ball and bushing to allow the skin plate end of the gate to drop enough causing the misalignment and that the gates would have to be removed to inspect and replace the worn parts.



# Sector Gate Operation



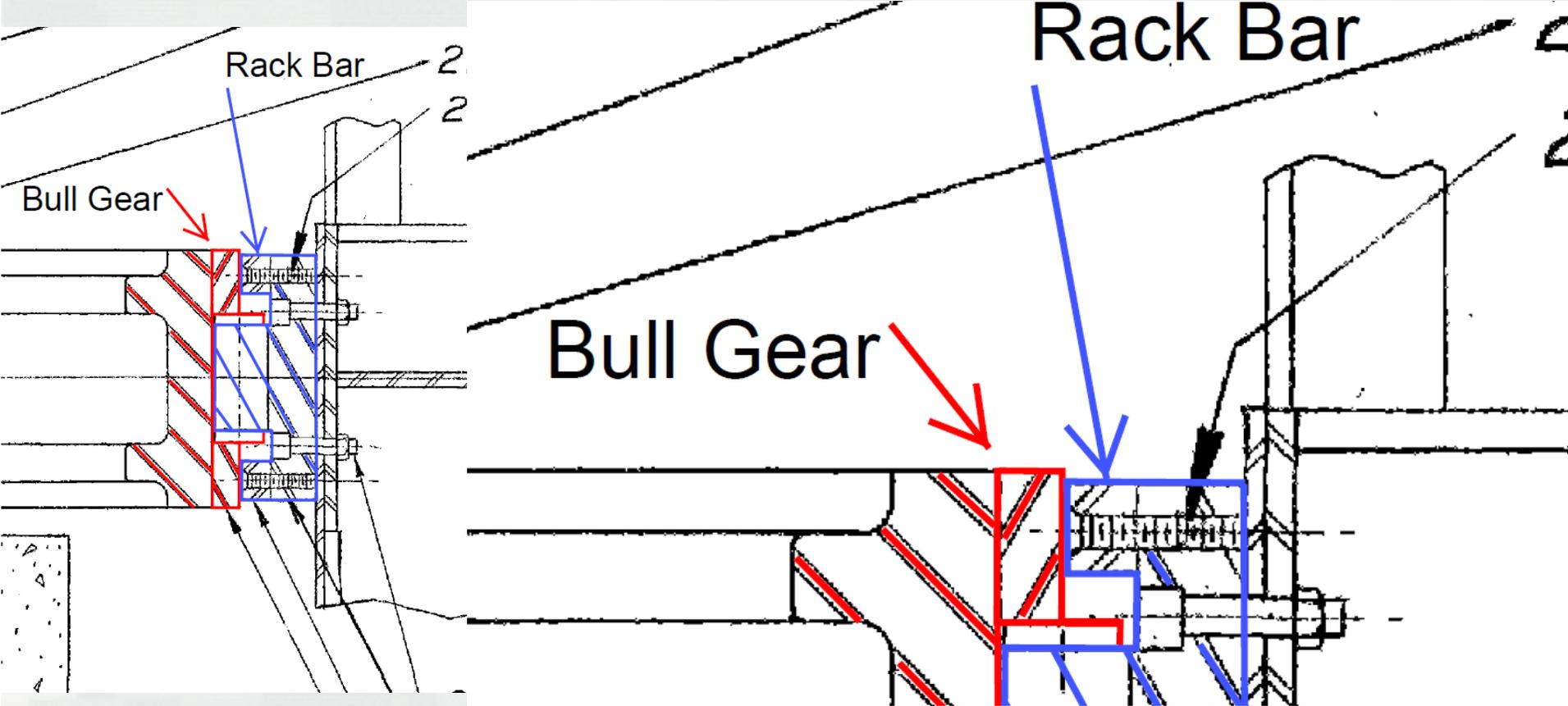
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# Bull Gear to Rack Gear Interference



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# Bull Gear to Rack Gear Misalignment



## Pulling the Gate Elevation Pin to Check for wear in 2011



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# Project Purpose Cont'd

- Once the root cause of the problem was determined, a plan was formulated to start procuring the new balls and bushings and determine when and how replacing the balls and bushings would be accomplished.
- The gates weigh approximately 255,000 lbs each, and there are only two ways to remove the gate to replace the pintle balls and bushings, either lift the gates with a crane or dewater the gate bays and jack the gates utilizing hydraulic jacks.
- Researching the two different options, it was determined that it would be more economical to dewater the gate bays and jack the gates rather than lifting them using a crane or multiple cranes.
- Knowing that other critical inspection and maintenance items also needed to be addressed sooner rather than later, this project was widened in scope and soon proved to be more costly than our annual maintenance budget funds could support.
- Through the Prioritization of Maintenance (POM) process utilized by the Mississippi Valley Division to determine the best use of funds to maintain the waterways infrastructure, this project was submitted and ranked based on a number of criteria such as tonnage/value of materials shipped through the lock, the age and condition of the lock and the risk involved if the project is not completed.



# Project Purpose Cont'd

- Once ranked by the POM team, it was submitted to Congress for funding.
- In early 2014, Congress approved the funding of this project for FY2015 and subsequently the planning for execution of this project was significantly ramped up in the spring of last year.



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Initial Spare Parts Purchased with Maintenance Funds in 2012 to have on hand in the event of a failure.  
2 New Pintle Balls and 2 New Pintle Bushings.



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# Scope of Work

- Once the word came down that the project was officially funded, the Illinois Waterway Maintenance Section was tasked with preparing the final scope of work and detailing how and when we were going to execute the project.
- Through several preliminary meetings and working closely with the lock staff, IRCA (Illinois River Carriers Association), and the United States Coast Guard, it was determined that the most beneficial option to all parties would be to accomplish this project not in one long 90 day closure but instead divide it up into 2 separate closures each being 47 days in duration.
- Given the magnitude and complexity of this project, it was determined very early on in the planning process, that the Illinois Waterway Maintenance Section would need to bring in other district assets to assist us with successfully planning and executing this project.



# Scope of Work Cont'd

- Starting in June of 2014 the IWPO Maintenance Section began working closely with various District Offices including, Safety, Engineering, Project Management, and the Contracting branches of the district. Developing a safety plan, narrowing down the scope of work, identifying what parts, supplies and equipment would need to be procured and or rented in order to complete the work, and issuing Press Releases to inform the public as to when and why the closures were scheduled to take place.
- We started out meeting monthly to identify early on what the roles and responsibilities of each branch were to be, and to establish milestones for completion of major key items such as letting contracts to procure longer lead time items such as the additional pintle balls and bushings and required equipment like the 80 jacking beams we borrowed from the New Orleans District to support the gates during the jacking process.

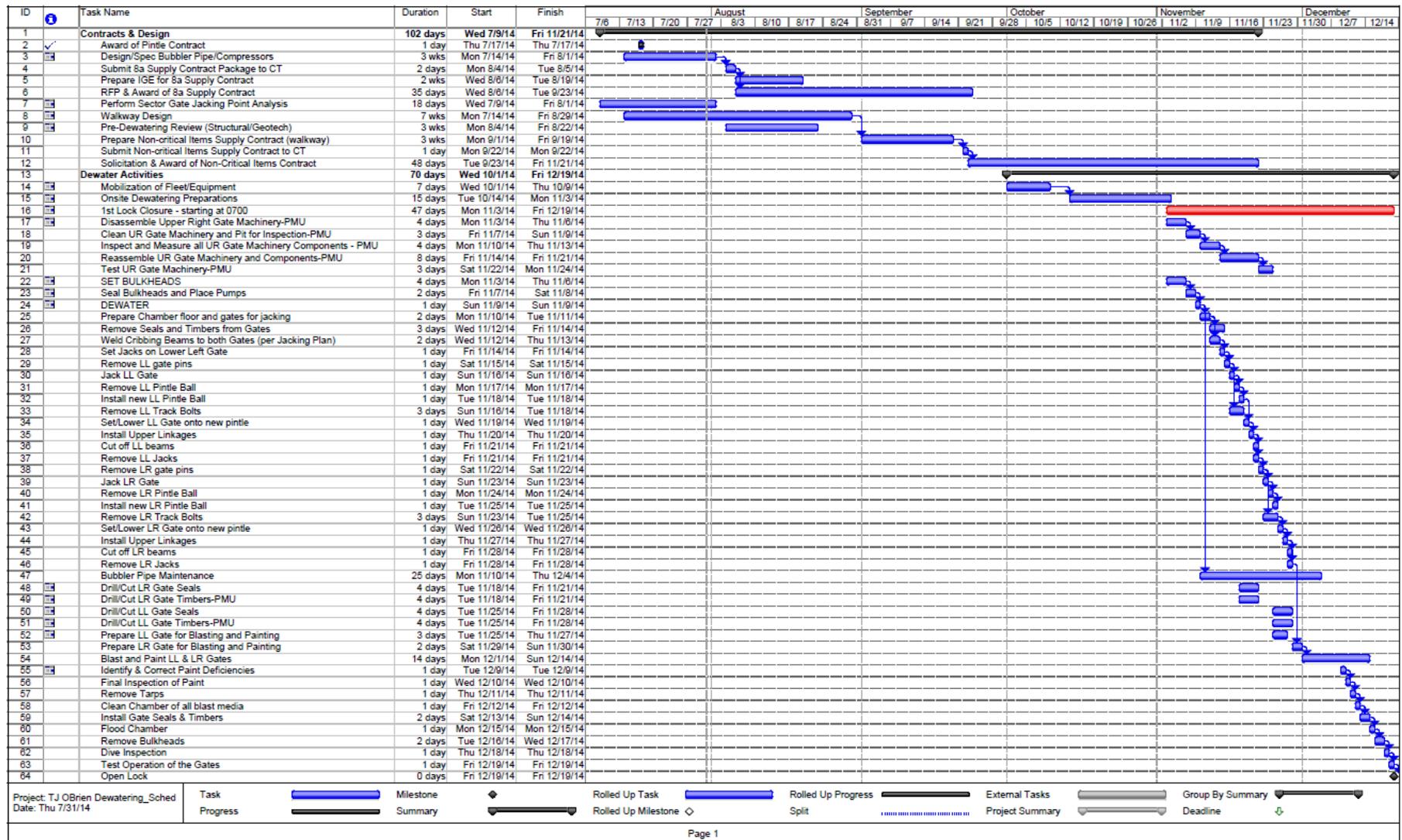


# Scope of Work

- Set Bulkheads and Dewater each end of the lock separately.
- Jack each sector gate and replace all pins, balls, and bushings.
- Replace all gate seals, seal stops, and gate timbers.
- Blast and Paint the gates.
- Disassemble, Inspect, and measure the Upper Right Gate Machinery for condition assessment during the first closure.
- Replace bubbler piping as needed and install new diffusers.
- OCA team to conduct an inspection of all underwater components upon completion of blasting and painting operations.
- Rewater the chamber and pull the bulkheads.



# Developing the Schedule



# Logistics

- 8A Contractor for supplies and materials.
- Hotel Accommodations for a crew of 35
- Transportation Solutions for a crew of 35
- Work Hours-Taking into account the scope, complexity, and duration.
- Holidays
- Support Staff onsite to process time and travel and for purchase card support.



Monday November 3<sup>rd</sup>

0700 hours CST

**Kick the tires and  
light the fires!**

**TJ O'Brien  
Dewater  
2014 - 2015**



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# Operational Hurdles

- Seized pins
- Raised Sill
- New Pintle Bushing grease hole alignment
- Pintle Anchorage Plates
- Blizzard conditions



# Elevation Gate Pins



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# Piece of Cake!



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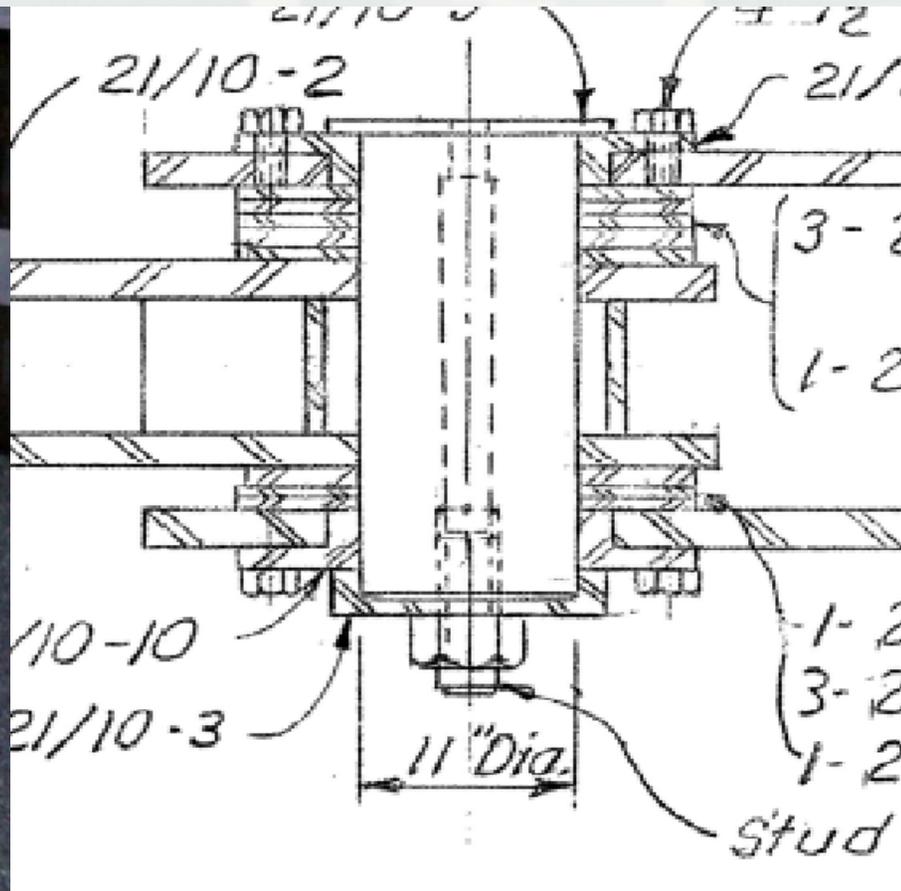
# Elevation Anchorage Pins



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# Not so Easy!

- Static Pins with no provisions for lubrication.



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# Original Method



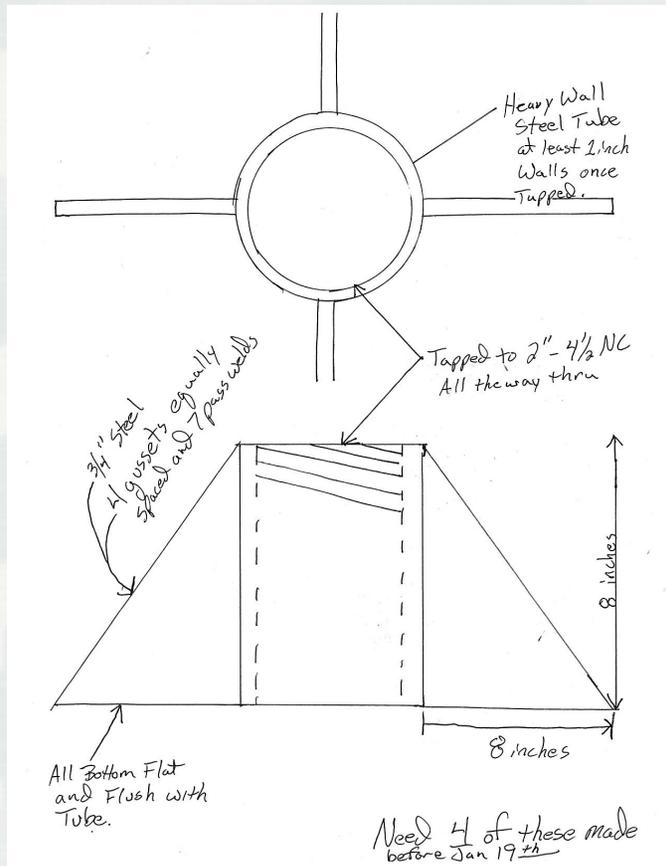
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# Problem?



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# New Method!



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# Piece of Cake!



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# Gate Jacking Challenges!



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# Jack Cribbing?



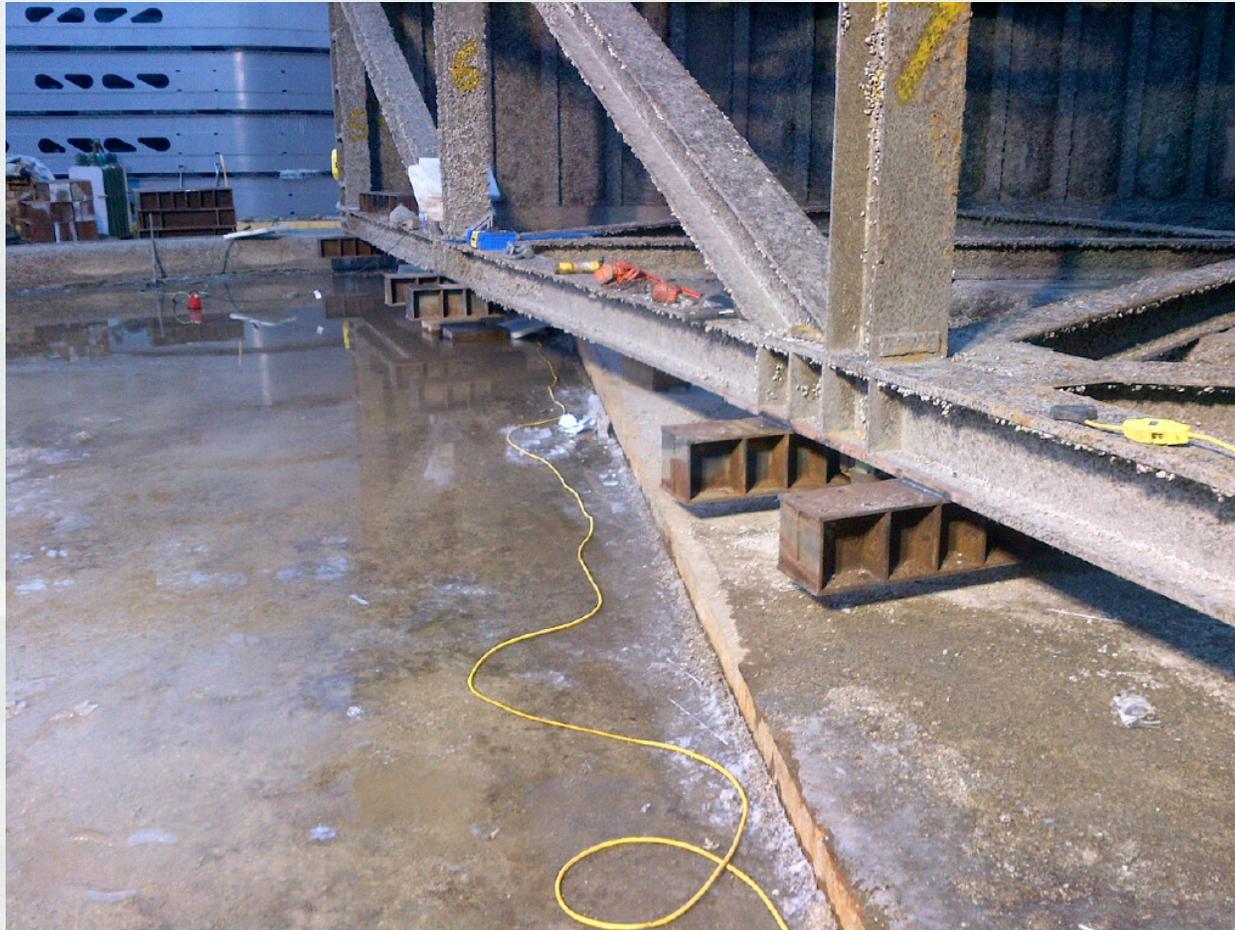
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# Raised Sill?



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# Raised Recess Floor



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# Fully Raised



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# Removing the Old Balls



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# Installing New Pintle Bushings



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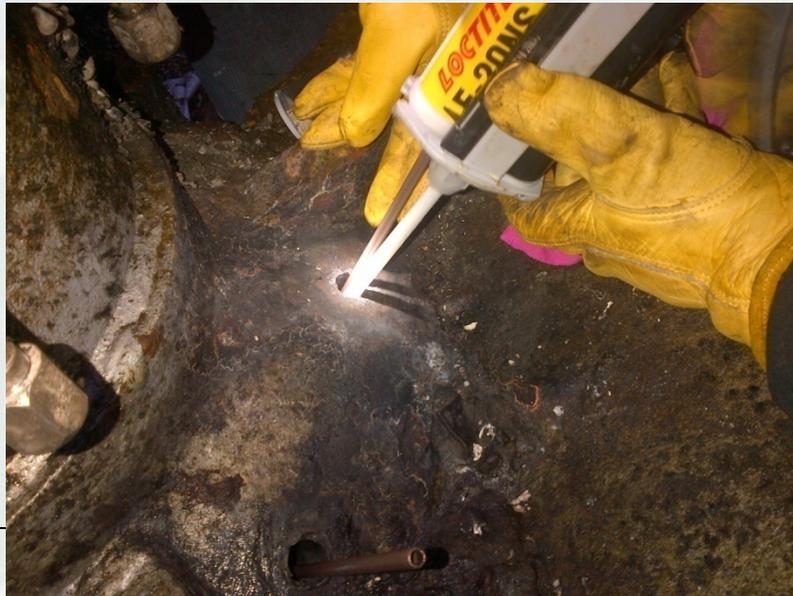
# Uh Oh! They don't line up?



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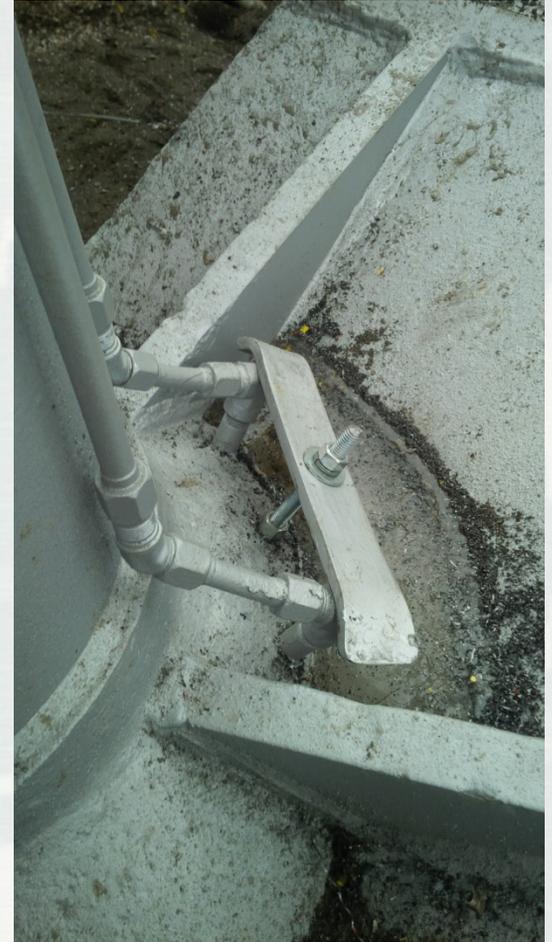
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# The Fix



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# The Fix



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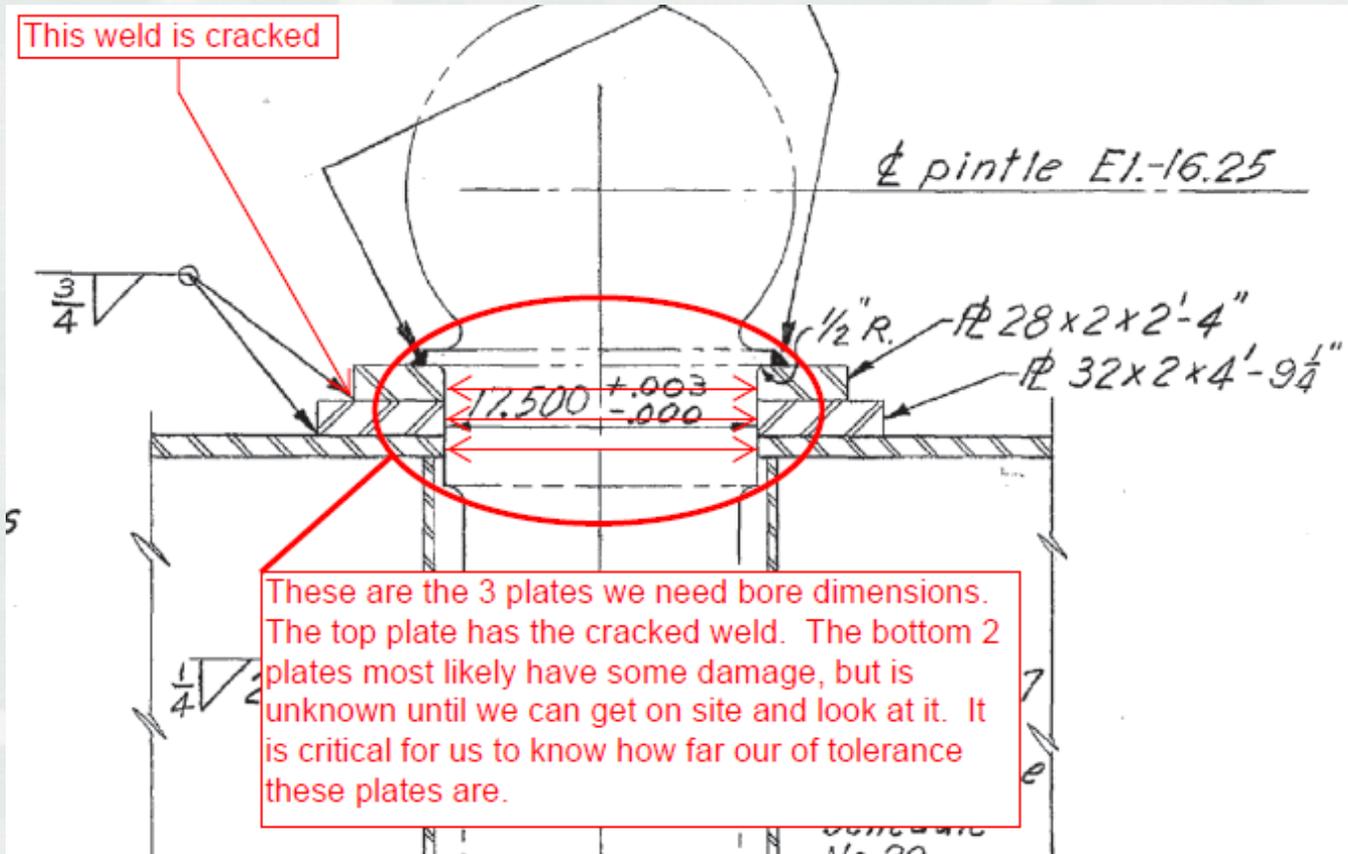
# Uh Oh!



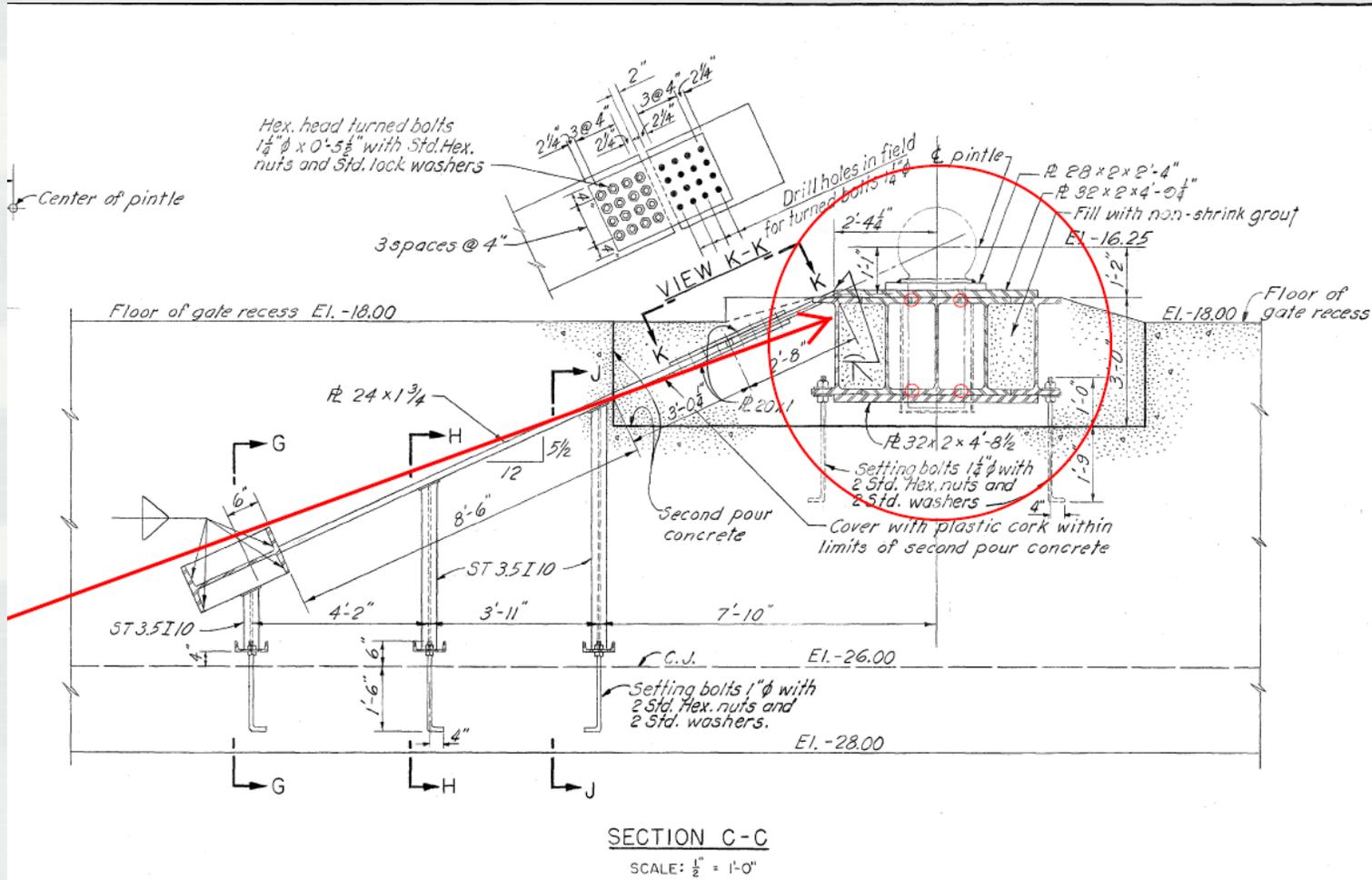
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# The Problem

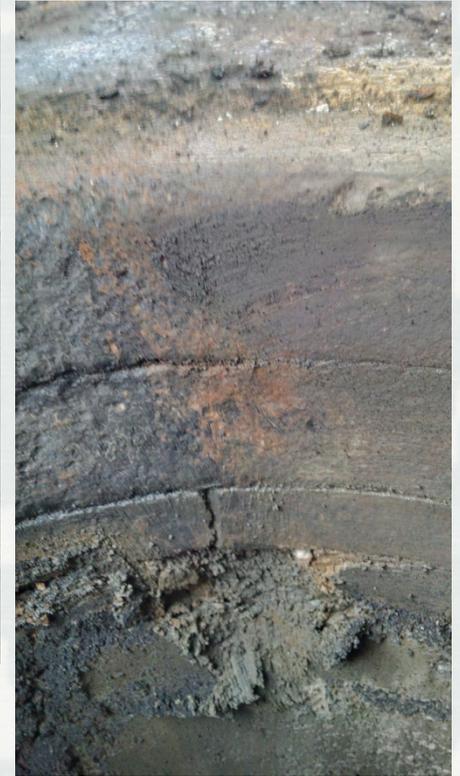


# The importance!



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# More Uh Oh's



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# The fix



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# Gate Machinery Inspection



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# Inspection results



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# Good to go.....for now!



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# The Good Idea Factory!



Nice Tight Seal=Less Leaks to Stop



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# Applying ideas learned from other jobs!



Sealing Timbers-Oakum-Sandbags-Skimmer Pumps



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# Great Ingenuity!



Tarp Support Structure aka “The Lollipop”



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# More Good Ideas!



Roof it and Wrap it!

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# Additional Good Ideas!



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# The Best Good Idea!

- Developing an Accident Prevention Plan aka APP! This was a first for us. District SO wants us to be more in line with contractors requirements on projects of this size, scope, and complexity?
- Final version over 100 pages with 12 sections, 37 compliance plans, and 20 appendices.
- 35 different AHA's were developed to provide in depth coverage of every single activity that was scheduled as well as anticipated activities that may or may not take place based on the allotted schedule.
- Started with a rough outline, but had to do some major tweaking to adapt it to this project. Took well over 70 hours to compile a draft and another 20 hours to make final additions following the safety office review and commenting.
- Assigned an SSHO from outside the Maintenance Section, and not part of the TJ Obrien Lock Staff. Third Party set of eyes and ears.



# Lessons Learned

- Fortunate enough to have worked with MVN New Orleans and in 2012 was allowed to conduct a site visit to Bayou Dupre Dewatering and witnessed them jack the sector gates there.
- Holidays-Not accounted for in the original schedule formulation.
- Scissor lifts-Requested early on but the decision was made to use bakers scaffolding instead. Bakers scaffolding did not work. Scissor lifts were brought in.
- Additional Aerial Lift-Useful to have one aerial lift on each side of the gate sill. Especially to remove timbers and seals concurrently on each gate.
- Pre-Dewatering Inspection Dive-Clearly identify with the divers exactly what needs inspected. Chamber Recesses on the lower end had 18 inches of zebra mussel shells and mud built up that we did not know about.
- Jack cribbing-had a good idea of what to use, but turned out what we had was not going to be substantial enough to maintain stability through the entire lift. Stopped at 53 inches on the first gate. Ordered custom cribbing and went up the full 60 inches on each of the other gates.
- When using blast media containing Blastox, clean your hopper.
- FOD Walkdown-Missing Wedge!



# Questions?



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