

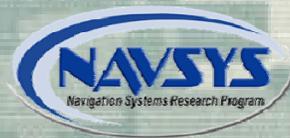
Navigation Systems R & D Program

Charles E. Wiggins
Program Manager
ERDC, CHL

8 Apr 2015

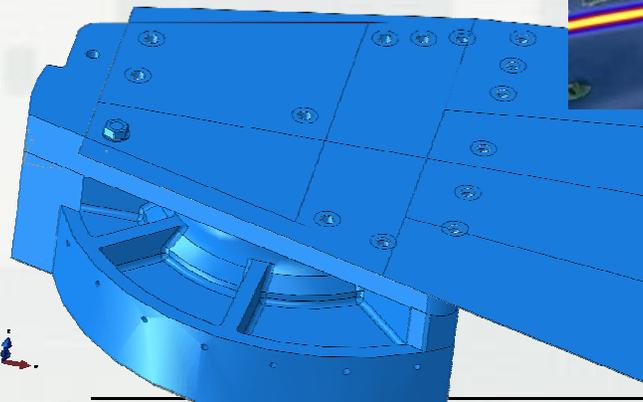


US Army Corps of Engineers
BUILDING STRONG[®]



Overview of Presentation

- Program Overview
- Work Activities



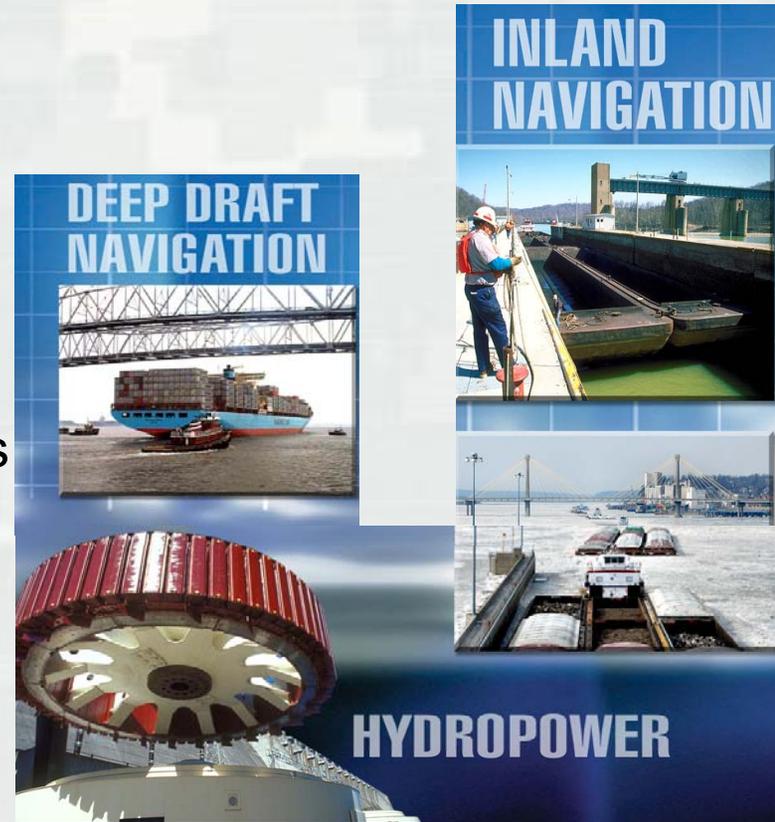
Navigation Systems Research Program

USACE Navigation Mission: To provide safe, reliable, efficient, effective and environmentally sustainable waterborne transportation systems for movement of commerce, national security needs, and recreation.

Mission: Meet marine transportation, hydropower and infrastructure challenges through research that incorporates engineering, economic, and environmental solutions.

Focus Areas:

- Inland Navigation
- Deep Draft Navigation
- Marine Transportation Technologies
- Hydropower



Trunnion Rod Efforts

- Tension Measurement (2008-N-9)
- Micro-crack Detection (2011-N-16)
- Removal and replacement of rods (2009-N-18)



Micro-crack Detection

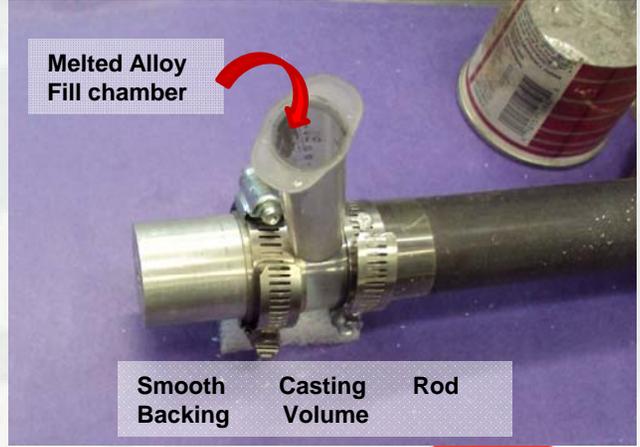
Jim Evans

Portable Guided Wave Trunion Rod Test System

- System Specifications:**
- 1) 5KW at 1500 volts @ 1Mhz
 - 2) Laptop computer controlled
 - 3) Output protected against both temperature and open/short circuit
 - 4) Variable power output



Fields Metal used for coupling to torch cut trunion anchor rods

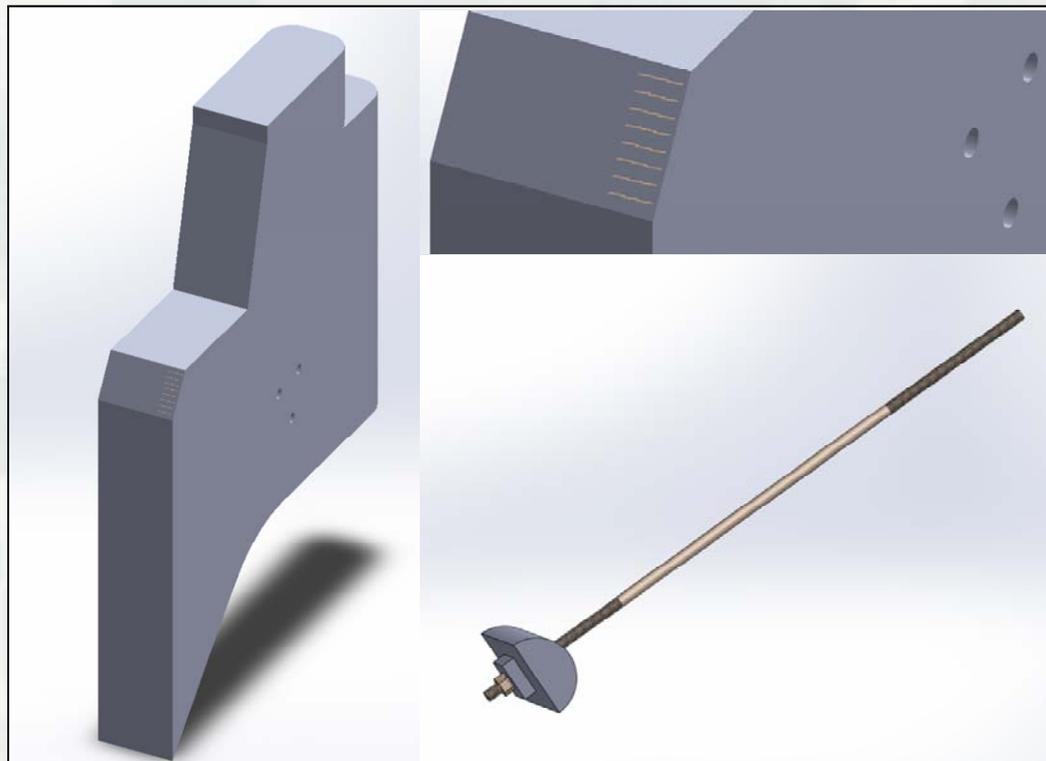


Replacement of Broken / Damaged Rods

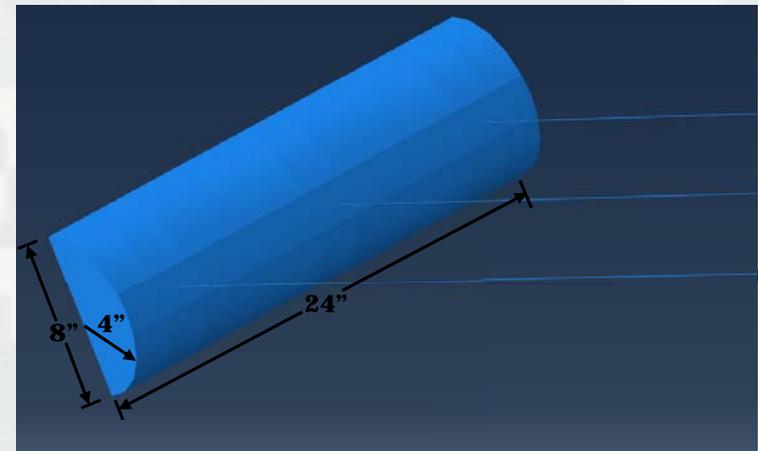
Joe Padula

Extensive finite element model analysis of stresses in the pier and components.

The proposed alternative retrofit consists of circular cores for removing anchor ends of rods and installation of semi-cylindrical adjustable steel bearing anchorage.



This retrofit allows for multiple, yet smaller less intrusive areas where concrete and rebar is removed from the pier.



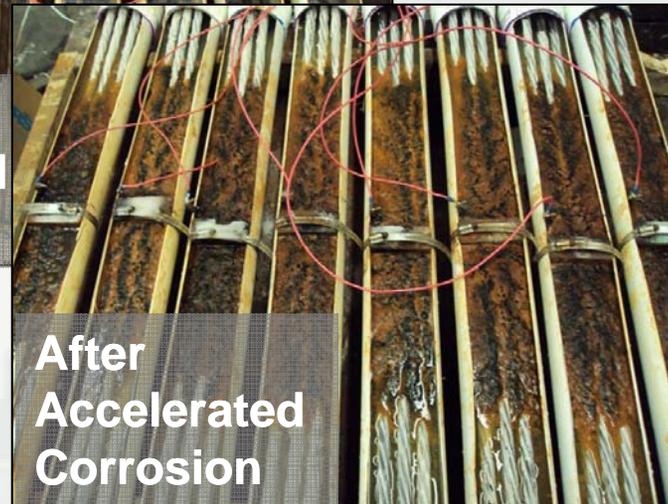
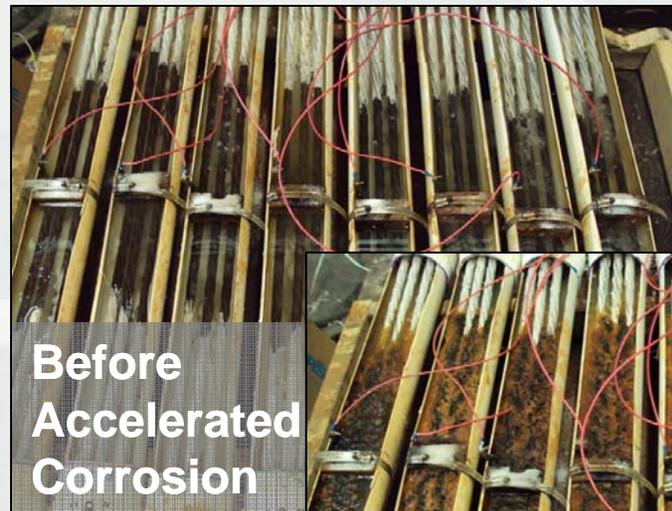
Multi-strand Anchor Tendons (2009-N-1)

Bob Ebeling

- Unknown state or capacity of numerous multi-strand ground anchors
 - ▶ Believe that most damage / breaks are near the top of the anchors
 - ▶ Laboratory testing measured capacity of 7-strand cables in various stages of corrosion loss



- NDT methods needed to determine:
 - ▶ Presence of broken strands
 - ▶ Quantify remaining diameter of strands

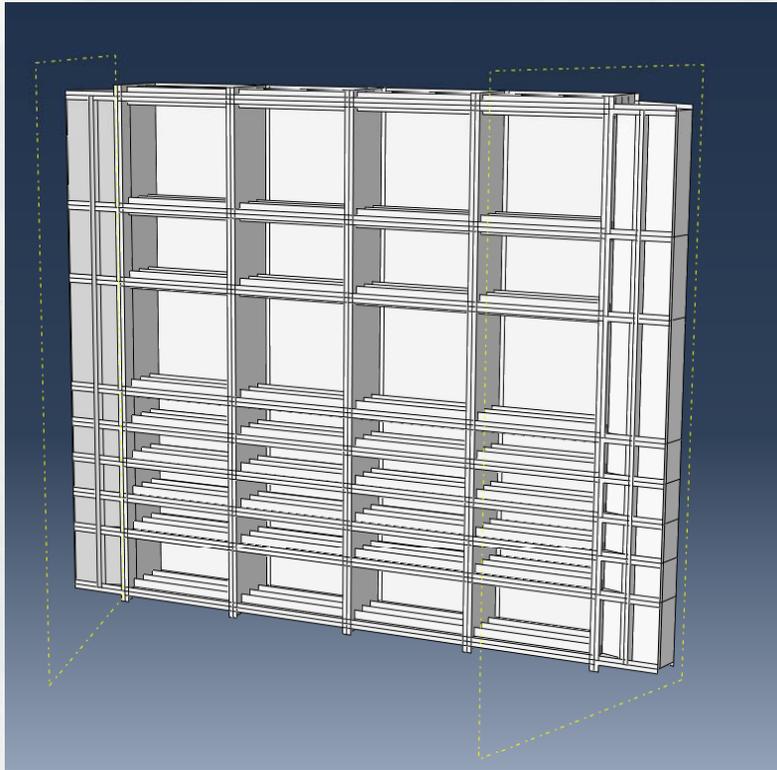


Pull-test data for:
22 Pristine
161 Corroded



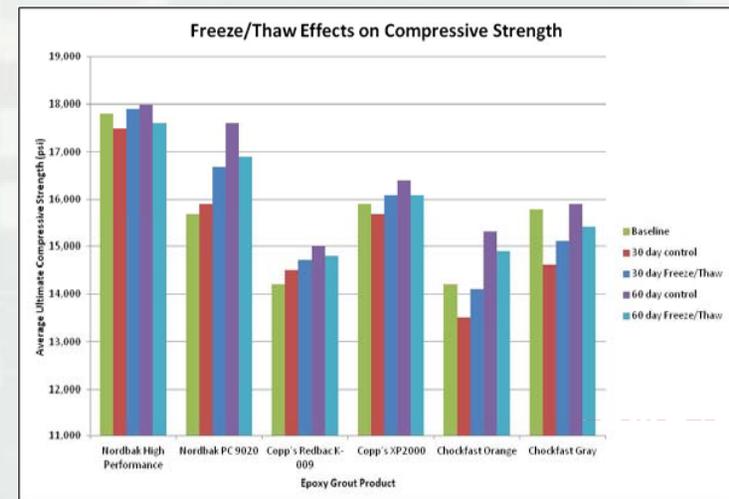
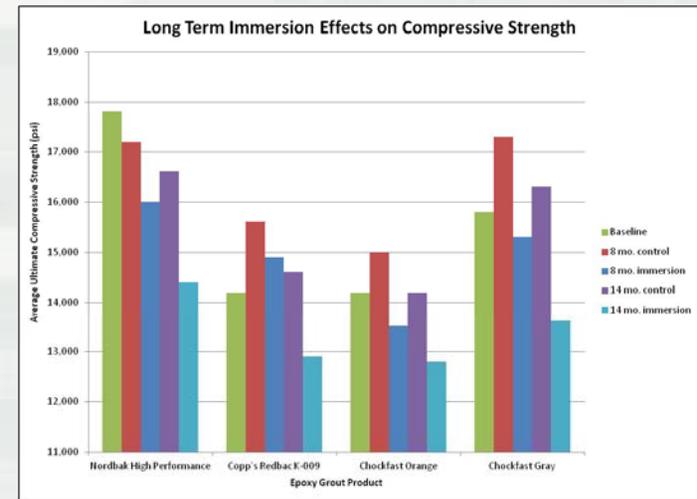
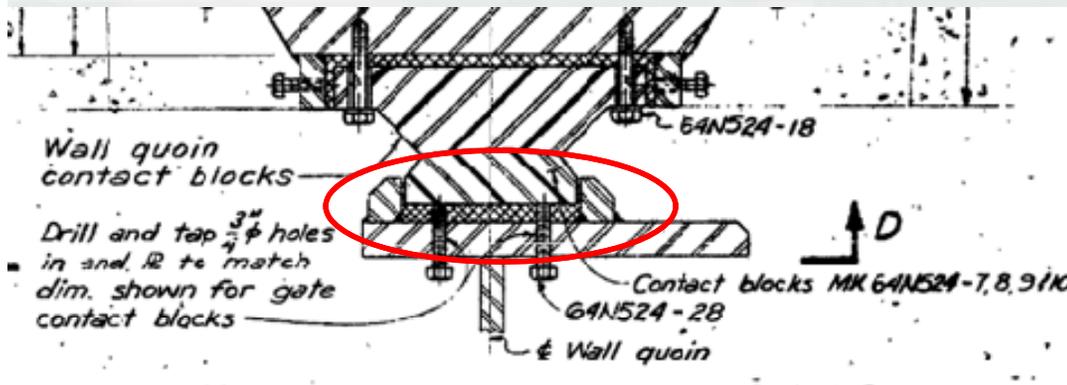
Miter Gate Efforts

- Evaluation of Emerging Filler Materials (2009-N-13)
- Redesign of Pintle Sockets (2013-N-21)
- 3D Pro Miter (2012-N-07)



Evaluation of Emerging Filler Materials

Jonathan Trovillion

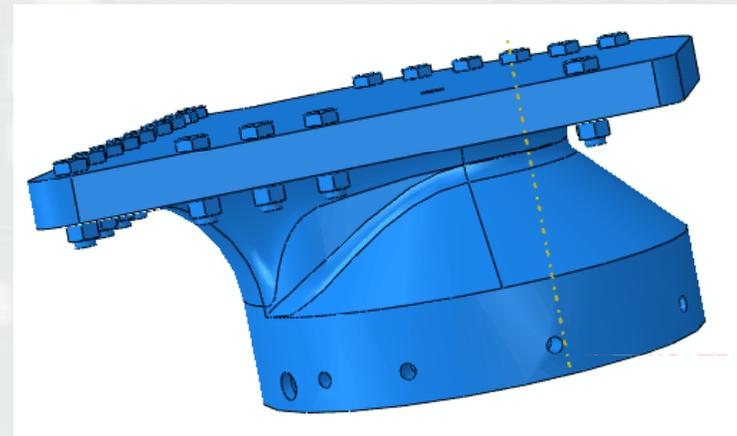
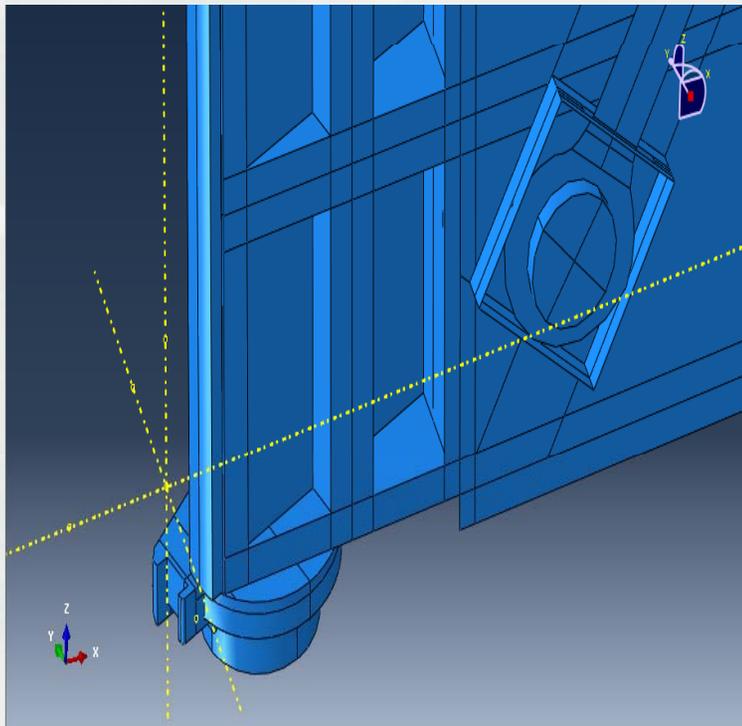


- Unified Facility Guide Specifications UFGS 35 20 16.33 "Miter Gates" Outdated.
- Continue Water Absorption & Freeze Thaw and Accelerated Aging Tests

Redesign of Pintle Sockets

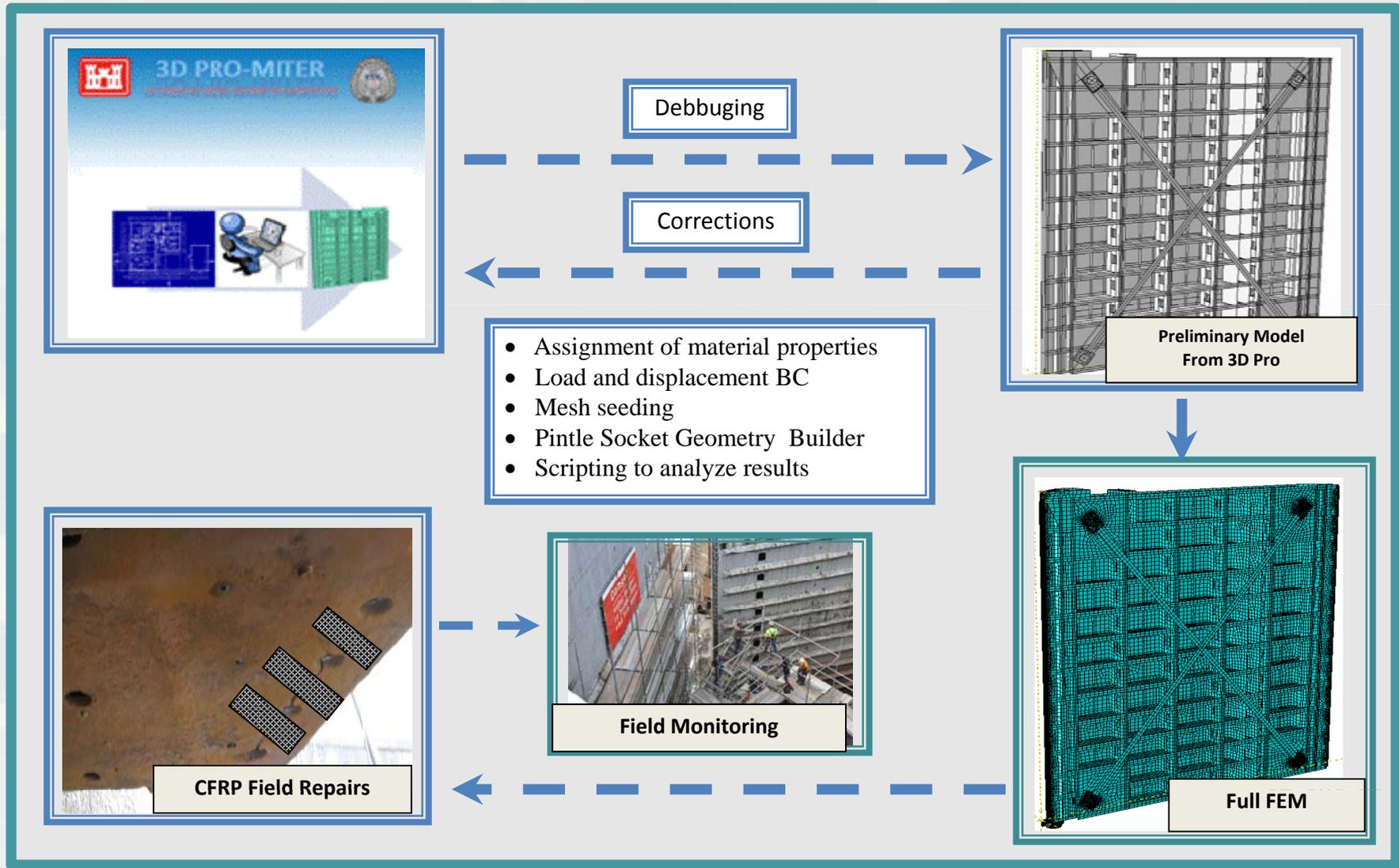
Don Wilson

- If gaps between the contact blocks are present, there will almost certainly be pintle damage or sheared pintle bolts discovered during dewatering of the locks.
- The quoin block, the pintle, and the miter gate were assembled in the FEM so that the interaction of these elements could be fully evaluated when the quoin block deteriorates.
 - ▶ Modeled as-designed
 - ▶ Preliminary results obtained for various degrees of quoin block deterioration



3D Pro Miter

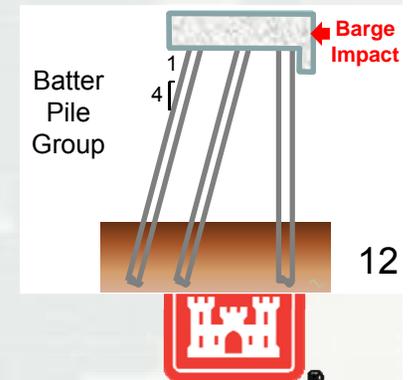
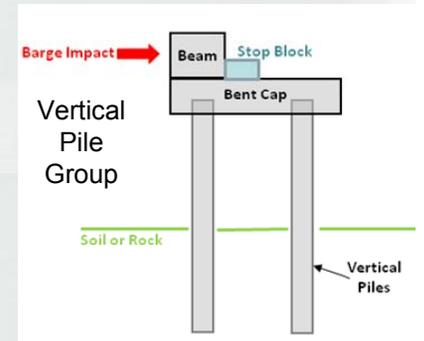
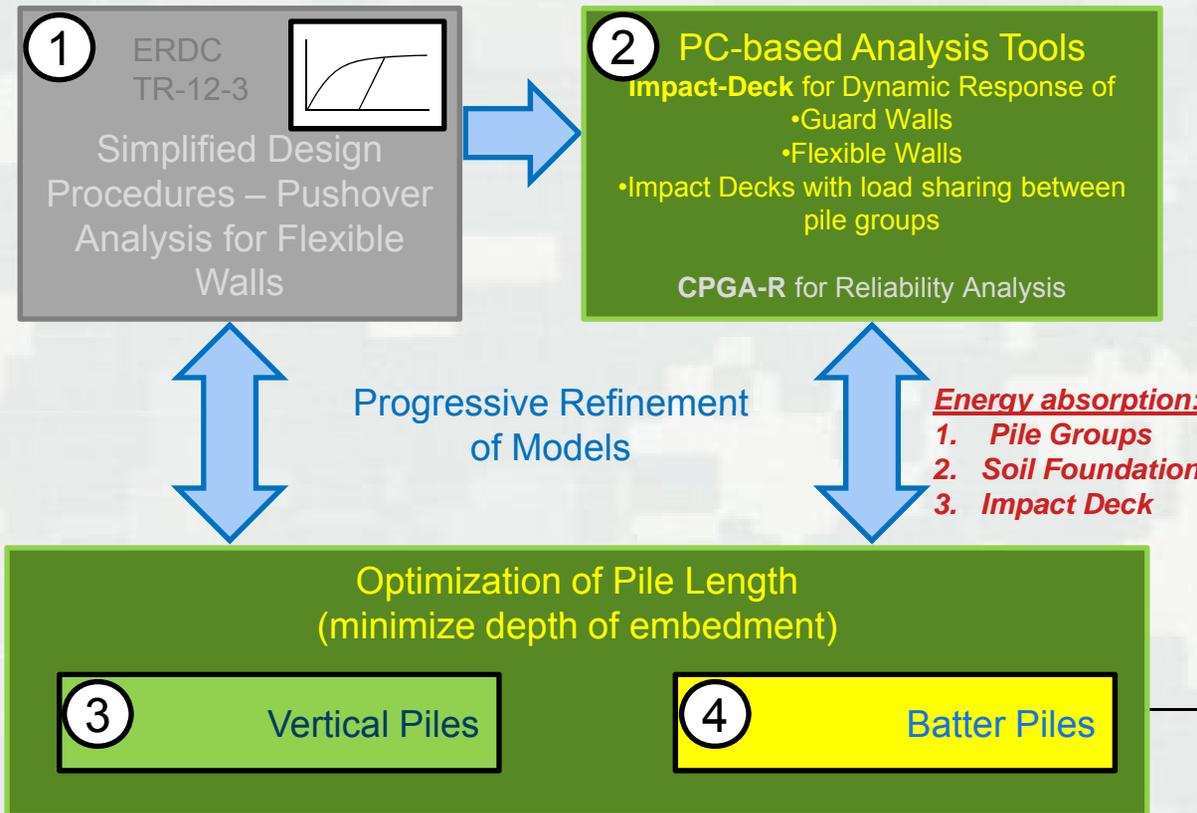
Guillermo Riveros



Flexible Designs (2009-N-11)

Dr. Bob Ebeling

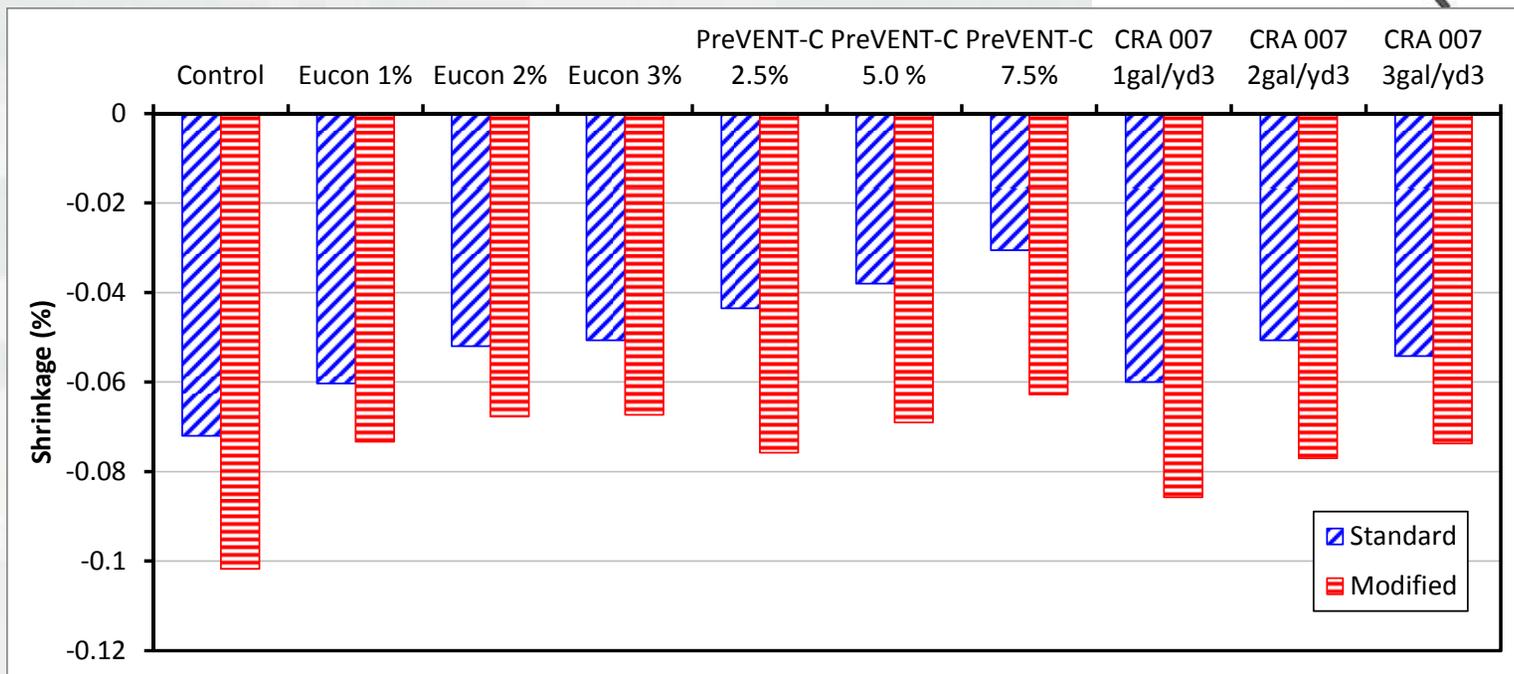
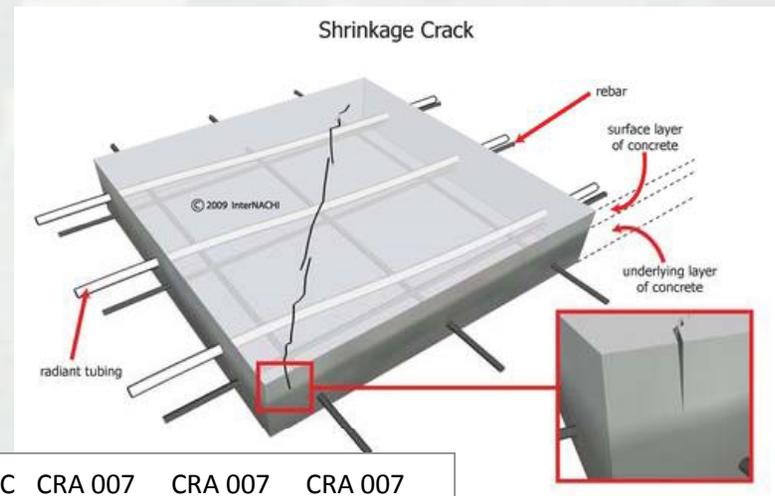
- Develop engineering dynamic analysis methodology and tools
 - ▶ Software: Impact Deck & CPGA-R
 - ▶ Applications: impact decks with load sharing between pile groups, guard walls, and flexible walls
- Optimize pile length for both vertical and batter piles (ERDC/ITL TR 12-3)



Horizontal Concrete Repair (2013-N-23)

Robert Moser

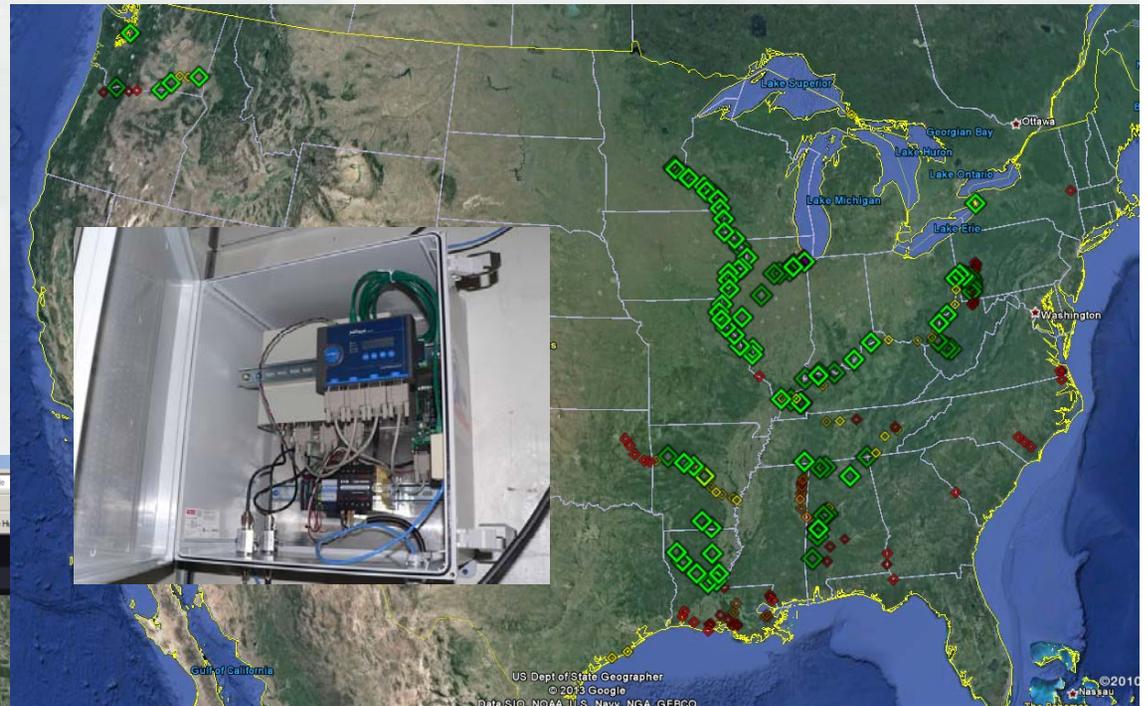
- Need durable material for repairing horizontal concrete surfaces.
- Admixture shrinkage studies – curing is critical
- Test slabs made for testing repair materials



Lock Operations Management Application (LOMA) 3.0

Brian Tetreault

- Received Authority to Operate (Became operational)
- >94 units deployed
- Collaborating with:
 - Lock Approach Modeling
 - Condition Health Monitoring



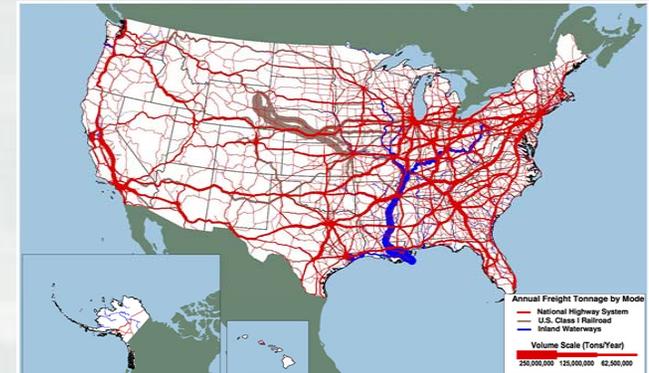
Target Information	
Name	INDA LITTLE
MMSI	367402440
Callign	WDEB177
Latitude	038°16'38"N
Longitude	085°47'13"W
SOG	2 kts
Heading	120°
COG	110.6°
Nav Status	Undefined
Operating Mode	Autonomous
Rate Of Turn	Turning right at 0° per min
Destination	PADUCAH KY
Length	75.44 ft
Beam	29.52 ft
Type of Ship	Vessel - Towing (exceeding)
Type of Cargo	N/A
Cargo Type	32
IMO Number	0
Draught	0.00 ft
Radar Sensor	Undefined
DTE Status	Available
Nationality	United States of America
LockETA	7/22/2013 2:57:45 PM
Lock	McAlpine Lock & Dam
Mile	607
Previous Mile	608
River	Ohio River
Time since last update	00:00:04



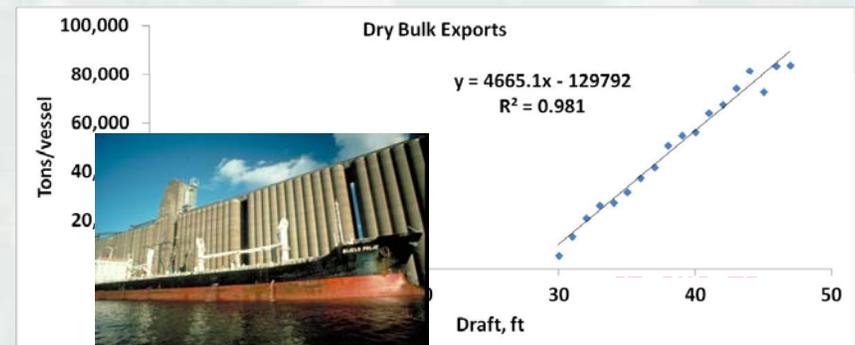
Navigation Transportation Systems Management

Kenneth "Ned" Mitchell

- Genetic algorithm (GA) approach to O&M dredging project selection
- Link-based MTS Travel Time methodology via AIS position reports
- CPT improvements
- IMTS Water levels vs. travel time analysis
- AIS Collision Risk Analysis



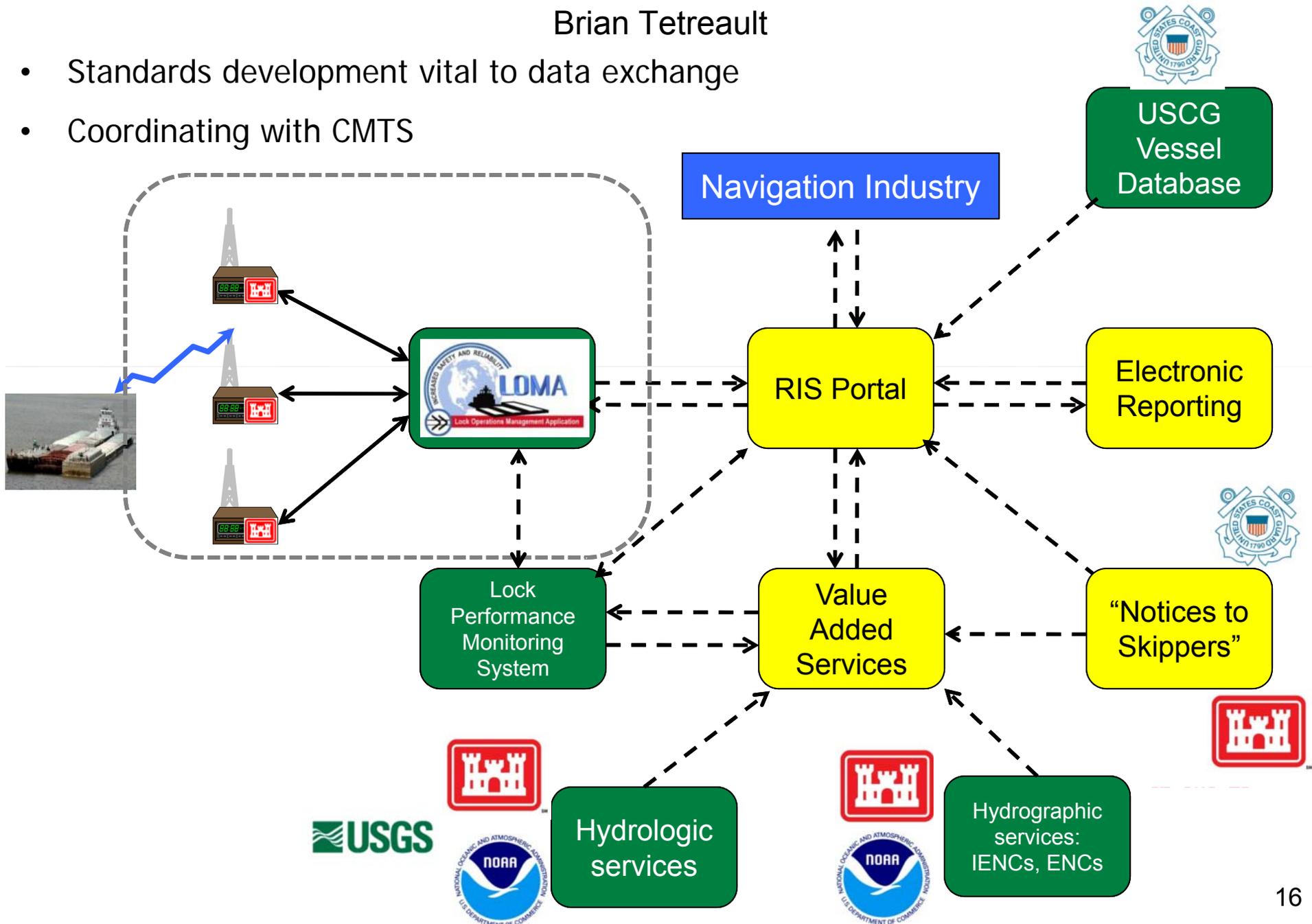
Sources: Highways: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Freight Analysis Framework, Version 3.1, 2010. Rail: Based on Surface Transportation Board, Annual Carload Waybill Sample and rail freight flow assignments done by Oak Ridge National Laboratory. Inland Waterways: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Annual Vessel Operating Activity and Lock Performance Monitoring System data, as processed for USACE by the Tennessee Valley Authority, and USACE, Institute for Water Resources, Waterborne Foreign Trade Data, Water flow assignments done by Oak Ridge National Laboratory.



River Information Services

Brian Tetreault

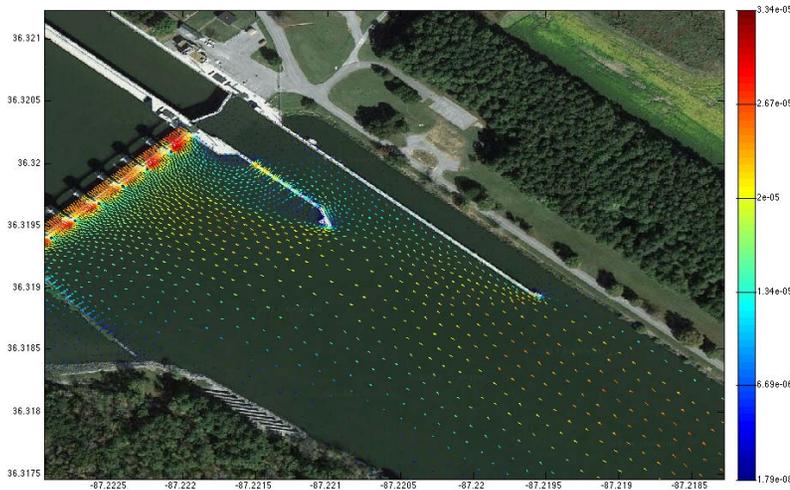
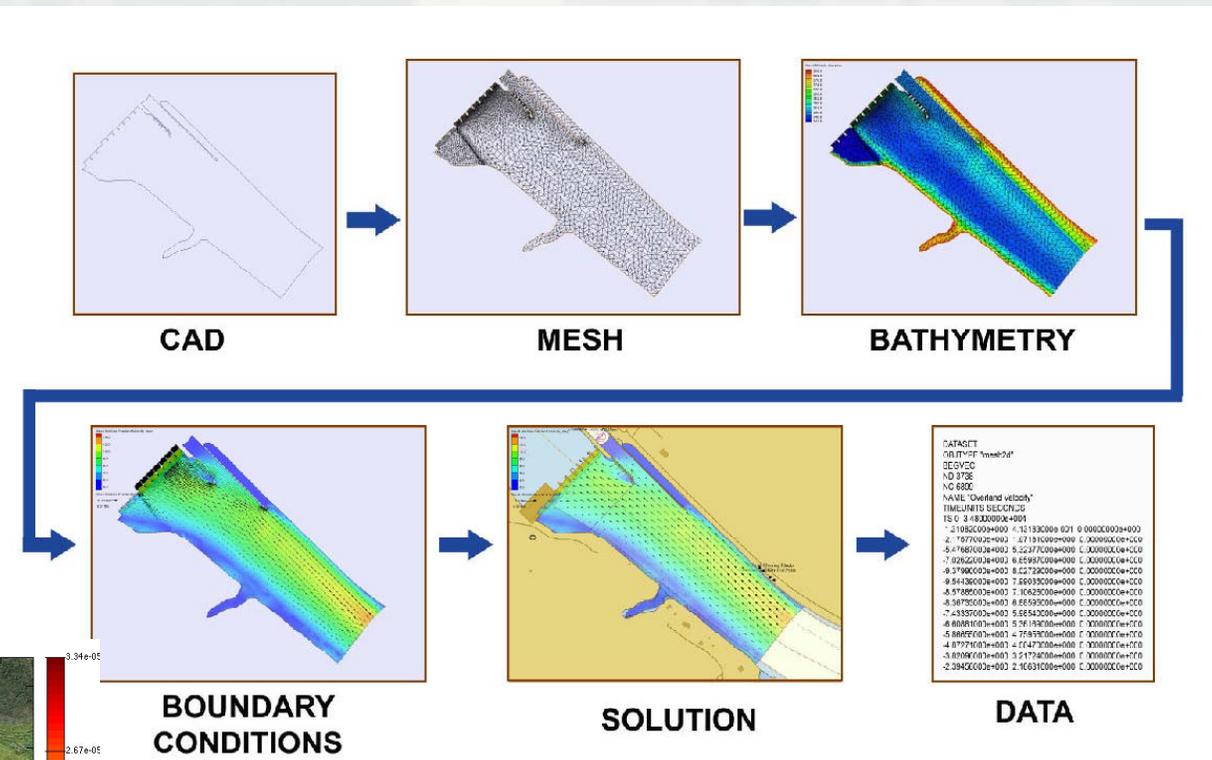
- Standards development vital to data exchange
- Coordinating with CMTS



Modeling of Lock Approach Currents

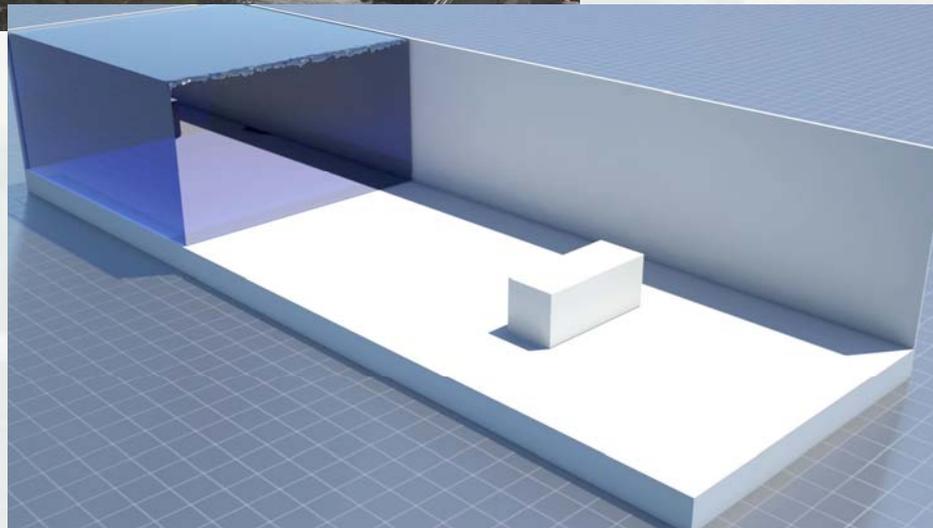
Keith Martin

- Improve awareness of potentially hazardous approach currents



Coastal Navigation Structures and Wave Response (2011-N-8)

Chris Kees



- Air/Water V&V Test Set
 - Adding and documenting new test problems for navigation and coastal structures
- Computational Model Development
 - Wave generation/absorption
 - Moving structures
 - Parallel scalability

Developing computational wave flume capabilities that will provide:

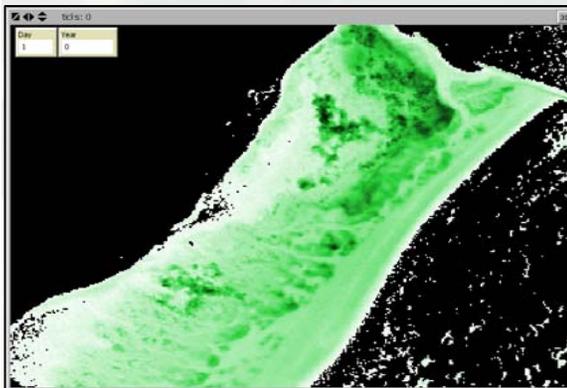
- very high-fidelity hydrodynamic computational tools for R&D and project design
- cost effective and more versatile alternative to physical modeling



Process-Driven Ecological Modeling for Landscape Change Analysis (2013-N-17)

Molly Reif

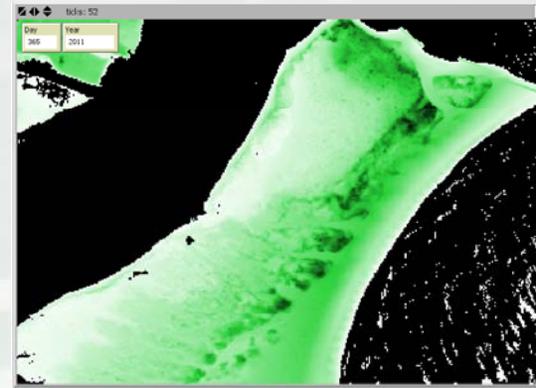
- Standard methods to generate thematic land-cover / land-use products
 - These support a variety of engineering, planning and study needs
- Understand factors that influence landscape changes
- Predict changes to landscape structure as a result of Engineering With Nature projects



USACE Project

Model:
Landscape Evolution

Project potential habitat change in landscape



Quantify System Change

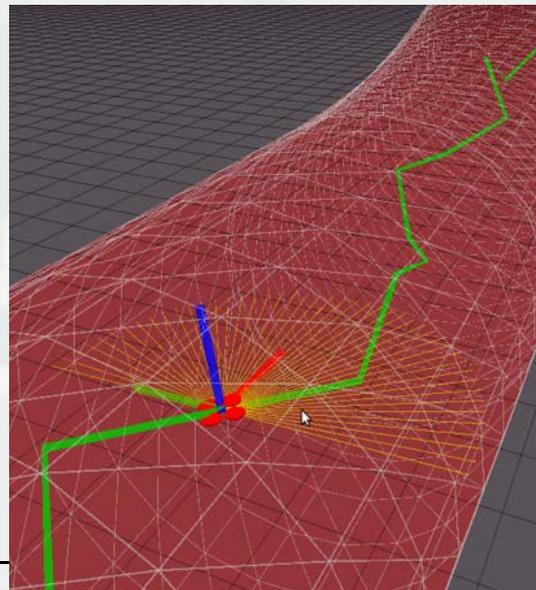
Change in Landscape Pattern
Change in Ecosystem Function



Metric	Process	Benefit
Clumpiness	Biodiversity	↕
Cohesion	Connectivity	↕

Microbotic Infrastructure Inspection Jennifer Wozencraft

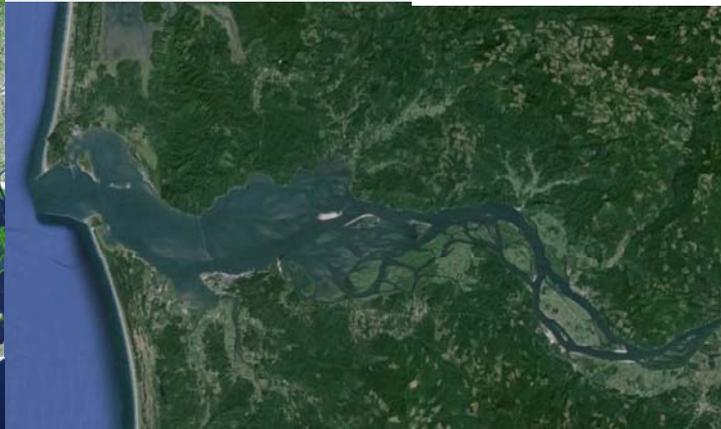
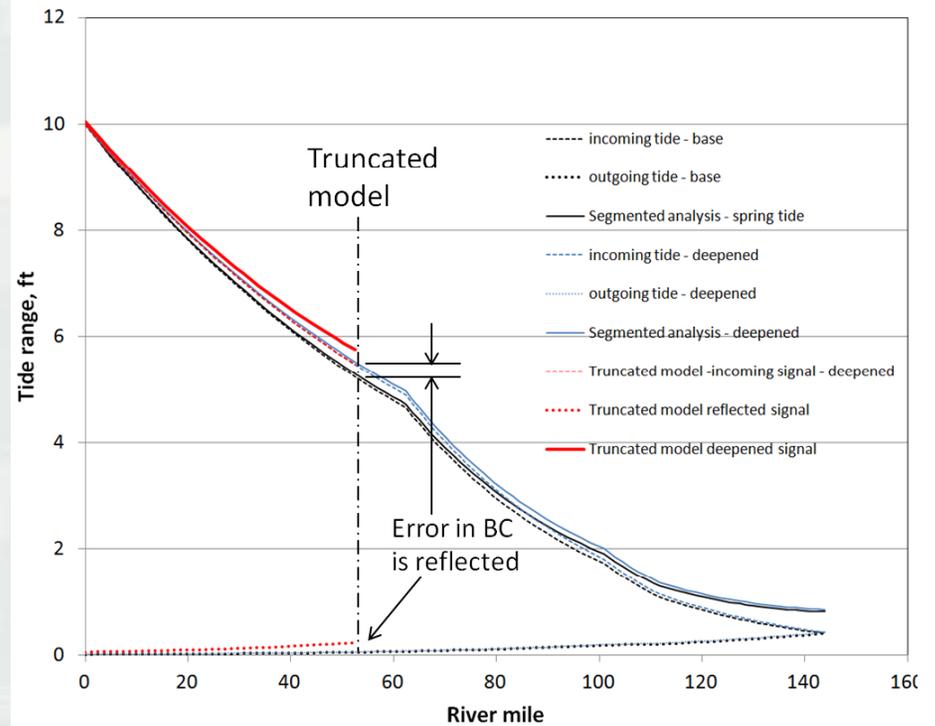
- Planned platform is a six rotor vehicle sensors to navigate and collect data in confined and hazardous-to-reach spaces
- Test planned at Carters Dam late April 2015



Development of Rational, Process Based Protocols for Subdividing Large Systems for Numerical Analysis (2011-N-9)

Gary Brown

- ▶ Standard methods and guidance for dividing large areas for numeric modeling
- ▶ Modeling in 'parts' generates same result as modeling the 'whole'



BUILDING STRONG®

New Work Activities

- ▶ 2014-N-17 Life expectancy of hydraulic structures/ Design Life (Concrete)
- ▶ 2013-N-25 Lock Miter Gate Contact Block Redesign
- ▶ 2014-N-06 Quantification of Ship Wake Effects on Adjacent Shorelines
- ▶ 2014-N-16 Streamlined Ship Simulation for Feasibility Studies

Thank you!

Questions?

Eddie Wiggins

601-634-2471

charles.e.wiggins@usace.army.mil

